Introduction

AlN, a dielectric material with piezoelectric properties has become a widely used material in the manufacturing of MEMS resonator based devices, such as RF BAW filters, microphones, speakers, energy harvesters and pressure sensors. The material is deposited using modified PVD equipment commonly used in standard IC manufacturing lines, capitalising on existing optimised device control and manufacturing costs. This is a key benefit over other piezo materials such as PZT, which is significantly more difficult to integrate, with the added risks attached to its lead content.

With the largest AlN customer install base over any competition, SPTS has been able to meet the surge in demand with the award winning Sigma® fxP PVD AlN platform. Based on over 20 years’ experience and patented IP, SPTS has become the market leader for volume PVD AlN with over 50% market share.

AlN Piezoelectric Devices

Although RF BAW filters historically drive the AlN market and its technical development, additional growth will be fuelled by new AlN based MEMS devices. Devices such as AlN based pMUT finger sensors and microphones, currently in low volume production, are expected to see double digit growth in the next few years, significantly increasing the overall market size for this material. AlN based MEMS devices which show improved performance over traditional designs, share similar fabrications steps to well understood BAW resonator devices, making these devices easier to realise to mass markets.

To meet the all production and development AlN deposition needs, Sigma® AlN PVD is the right choice to ensure critical film control. With SPTS’s extensive experience in volume AlN production and a continuous focus on AlN development, customers benefit from leading edge device performance with low manufacturing costs.

Typical Process Flow

A typical process flow and resonator structure is shown below. It consists of depositing a resonating AlN piezoelectric layer sandwiched between two PVD deposited electrodes and suspended over some form of cavity so that it can freely resonate. The resonant frequency is directly related to the thicknesses and material properties (e.g. acoustic density and crystal orientation/texture) of the piezoelectric film.

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In order to get the best AlN resonator performance, a high level of deposition process control is required in all the process steps. The surface roughness of the substrate and bottom electrode depositions also have a critical influence on the final AlN film. In order to promote excellent AlN growth, a smooth mirror-like surface can be prepared using SPTS Soft Etch (SE) module. The module is based on an ICP Ar sputter etch design, utilising two RF generators in order to provide a low damage high rate etch performance.

The single cassette Sigma® c2L can accommodate up to 3 process modules, and meets the minimum typical AlN process flow configuration of a surface pre-treatment chamber, electrode chamber and AlN deposition chamber, but at lower cost than fxP, or many competitive systems.

Both platforms can be configured with the same high quality Sigma® pre-treatment and Deposition process modules, have uptimes in excess of 90%, and can be configured with a range of handling options for increased handling reliability. Due to common shared components, starting pilot production on a c2L allows customers to easily upgrade as volumes increase to the Sigma® fxP by reusing existing modules, without the need to requalify processes. This means minimum initial investment in product development stages without sacrificing device performance.

Developments in device manufacture, means SPTS continuously improve the AlN deposition to meet more exacting requirements. Requirements are focused on both the AlN layer control and more recently on improving the material properties characteristics, i.e. the piezo electric coupling coefficient Kt2.

Below a table outlines the general requirements for different AlN device requirements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Best Qual-</th>
<th>Best WW</th>
<th>Best WW</th>
<th>Best Coupling</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BAW Filter - FBAR</td>
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<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAW Filter - SMR</td>
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<td>✓</td>
<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEMS Microphone</td>
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<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEMS pMUT finger print sensor</td>
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</tbody>
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SPTS offer a range of performance enhancement options which can be chosen in order to meet the exact requirements for each device, i.e. texture, thickness uniformity and coupling coefficient.
A materials crystal orientation (texture), can be measured by X-Ray diffraction analysis. Right, a typical rocking curve where texture is determined by the Full Width Half Max (FWHM) value in degrees. A lower texture value, means better orientation of the crystal growth, resulting in high Q factors for resonator type devices.

By utilising the Sigma® “Soft Etch” module and patented ‘Smoothing Etch’ for under layers prior to AlN deposition, it is possible to minimise AlN texture. In RF BAW filters, this means increased filter Q factor and improved filter pass/rejection performance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Smoothing Etch</th>
<th>AlN Texture (FWHM)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“Rough oxide underlayer”</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Rough oxide underlayer”</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AFM data illustrating effect of a smoothing etch

**WIW & WTW thickness uniformity**

AlN Film thickness is a critical parameter used to control the frequency range in resonator based devices. In RF BAW filters operating in the 2.5GHz range, multiple channels are packed close together, and have frequency tolerances of <0.05% to avoid issues like cross talk and line drops in mobile communications. Uniform and repeatable thickness control is vital.

Sigma® deposition modules can be fitted with a range of performance features designed to minimise thickness variation. For WIW thickness variation, options include advanced magnetron position control, plasma focusing, and wafer rotation. Combined features result in best in class WIW uniformity performance for wafer sizes up to 200mm, with minimal edge exclusions in order to maximize device yield. WTW repeatability is controlled by an automated magnetron adjustment feature for repeatable performance across full target campaigns.

The material stress and induced bow of the AlN is

The main development path to enable higher Kt2, has been the addition of Sc to the AlN in the target manufacturing phase. Higher Sc content means higher Kt2, but is limited by target manufacturing, and reliable deposition techniques.

SPTS has been working with leading PVD target and device manufacturers to deposit higher Sc based AlN films. Melt based targets now readily available are in 5-10% Sc content range, with 20% Sc content in development. Above this level of Sc, only powder based targets are being considered, but suffer from poor homogeneity and higher oxygen content.

When depositing AlScN films using PVD, defects have been a significant issue, due to uncontrolled stress mismatch between Sc and AlN crystal growths.
SPTS apply patented stress control process techniques to provide defect free films. These techniques along with thickness and stress control options, provide defect free best in class AlScN deposition.

Before stress control techniques applied - high density single crystal defects

After stress control techniques applied - <1 defect per 100um²

Sigma® AlN solution for RF filters and MEMS device manufacture

With our exhaustive application knowledge gained over 20 years and the largest base of customers against our peers. The SPTS Sigma® fxP and c2L provides a high productivity solution to meet your AlN production and development needs for current and future RF and MEMS device requirements.

Key Benefits

- Market leader > 50% share
- 20 years' experience in AlN and wide install base with multiple costumers
- Best in class performance – WIW & WTW thickness NU, Stress control, productive AlScN
- IC manufacturing equipment levels of uptime > 90%

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